

Grade 6 Ancient China KUD Chart

KNOW	UNDERSTAND	DO
<p>oracle bone a bone or shell used in Shang Dynasty religious rituals</p> <p>pictograph a picture or drawing that represents a word or an idea</p> <p>dynastic cycle the pattern of the rise and fall of dynasties</p> <p>Mandate of Heaven ancient Chinese belief that a ruler had the gods' approval</p> <p>philosophy study of basic truths and ideas</p> <p>Legalism a philosophy stressing the strict use of laws to control behavior</p> <p>Confucianism a philosophy taught by Confucius that stresses proper relationships</p> <p>filial piety the Confucian idea of respect for one's parents and ancestors</p> <p>Daoism an ancient Chinese philosophy based on the teachings of Laozi</p> <p>Shang the first great dynasty of China</p> <p>Qin a state of ancient China</p> <p>Shi Huangdi first emperor of the Qin Dynasty</p> <p>Han Dynasty a dynasty begun in 202 B.C., which reunified China</p> <p>bureaucracy the network of appointed officials that assist in providing government</p> <p>Silk Roads the overland trade routes linking China to the West.</p> <p>trans-Eurasian involving the continents of Europe and Asia</p> <p>cultural diffusion the spread of ethnic ideas and customs to other areas of the world</p>	<p>Geography Natural barriers isolate China's fertile river valleys from other parts of Asia.</p> <p>Government The Shang Dynasty ruled China's earliest civilization, which arose near the Huang He.</p> <p>Government Claiming approval from the gods, the Zhou conquered the Shang and took over China.</p> <p>Belief Systems Legalists believed that the government must control people through strict laws.</p> <p>Belief Systems Confucius taught that order would return to China if society was organized around five relationships.</p> <p>Belief Systems The followers of Daoism taught that people could find virtue by living in harmony with nature.</p> <p>Government Shi Huangdi conquered the warring states, unified China, and built a strong government.</p> <p>Government The Han Dynasty took over China and established a strong empire that lasted 400 years.</p> <p>Culture Life in Han China set a pattern that is still seen today</p> <p>Geography The Silk Roads brought cultural and economic changes to China.</p> <p>Belief Systems Chinese philosophies such as Confucianism and Daoism had a lasting influence on East Asia.</p> <p>Science and Technology During Han times, China made many advances in technology, agriculture, and trade.</p>	<p>Analyze the physical features, including the river systems, mountain ranges, and deserts, that characterized ancient China.</p> <p>Describe the development of the earliest Chinese civilization, the Shang Dynasty.</p> <p>Describe the Zhou Dynasty, which followed the Shang Dynasty.</p> <p>Analyze the philosophy of Legalism-what it was and why it came about.</p> <p>Describe key details about the life of Confucius and his teachings.</p> <p>Describe key details in the life of Laozi and the philosophy of Daoism.</p> <p>Summarize how China became unified under the Qin Dynasty.</p> <p>Explore the political contributions of the Han Dynasty.</p> <p>Describe daily life in Han China.</p> <p>Explore the contributions and impact of the Silk Roads on Chinese culture and history.</p> <p>Trace the influence of ideas such as Confucianism and Daoism in Chinese history.</p> <p>Describe the many contributions of the ancient Chinese to our world.</p>